Over the past 15+ years, the concept of “Employment First” has emerged in the disability field. This approach emphasizes that employment in integrated settings within the community should be the priority outcome for people with disabilities, including those with intellectual and developmental disabilities (IDD). As this approach has gained traction, over 30 states have enacted formal Employment First policies. Additionally, many states have enacted related legislation and policy issuances, reports, and documents, as well as state-specific online resources and websites.

Since first being issued in June 2010, this comprehensive listing has been regularly updated, to assist policymakers, advocates, and researchers in implementing Employment First approaches in states. Use of the term “Employment First” has not necessarily been a requirement for inclusion. Instead, the focus has been on policies and resources that reinforce the principles of Employment First, whether that specific language is used or not.

To be included in the list as a policy, an item must be an official directive from a state government agency stating that employment in the community (in the general workforce) is the first and primary option for individuals with disabilities. In some cases, these policies are highly detailed and substantive, and may be specific legislation or directives. In other cases, the policy consists of language simply endorsing integrated employment as the preferred option for publicly funded services, with limited specifics. In a few cases, language has been identified within an overall policy directive that aligns with generally accepted Employment First commitments.

A Summary of the Status of Employment First
Thirty-nine states have an official Employment First policy (based on legislation, policy directive, etc.). Twenty-one states have passed legislation stating that integrated employment is preferred over other service options: Alaska, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Maine, Mississippi, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Texas, Utah, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. The other 18 (Arizona, Arkansas, Connecticut, District of Columbia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Mexico, New Jersey, North Carolina, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia) have a policy directive, executive order, or similar official policy statement, but not legislation. Some states have both legislation and a non-legislative policy directive (e.g., Maine, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and Washington).

Twenty-seven state policies are cross-disability: Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Delaware,
District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming. The remainder of states’ policies are focused exclusively on individuals with IDD: California, Connecticut, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Missouri, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, South Carolina, and Washington. (Oklahoma’s legislation is cross-disability, and its policy directive is specific to individuals with IDD.)

In addition to the 39 states with Employment First policies, 11 other states on this list (Alabama, Hawaii, Idaho, Iowa, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Vermont) have Employment First efforts and initiatives underway, but no official Employment First policy has been issued. These states vary in their level of activity including initial expressions of interest in Employment First with limited follow-up, legislation introduced but not yet passed, formation of task forces, and robust systems change efforts.

In terms of specific activities in some of these states, New York has a September 2014 executive order that mandates the development of an Employment First policy, but to date, no official policy has been issued. Nevada has an executive order establishing a governor’s taskforce on integrated employment. Three states (Alabama, Hawaii, and Kentucky) have proposed Employment First policy legislation that has not yet been enacted. North Dakota has passed legislation creating a committee on employment of people with disabilities to support Employment First. However, this legislation does not institute Employment First as a policy, i.e., it does not specifically prioritize integrated employment over other service options.

The level of attention and follow-through after issuance of an Employment First policy varies, with some states undertaking extensive system change efforts (often documented in the resources listed), while for others there has been limited follow-through. To be clear however, the level of resources on this list associated with a state does not necessarily indicate the intensity of a state’s focus on employment for people with disabilities. In addition, a few states that have not been strongly linked with Employment First have had consistently stronger employment outcomes as compared to other states.

In the course of developing this document, we have included as many examples of resources as possible. For every resource, a web link is included. If a state has an Employment First policy, it is the top item in the list. Also included are related legislation or policies (e.g., legislation to form a state Employment First study group), related reports and documents. The final item(s) for each state are website(s) focused on Employment First efforts within the state which often contain a wide variety of additional documents and resources. The goal in such a comprehensive listing is to show a wide range of approaches to Employment First, including historical documents that led to the implementation of Employment First policies in a state. Inclusion of specific policies and documents on this list should in no way be viewed as an endorsement, and as previously noted the detail and specificity of policies varies significantly.

The growing emphasis on Employment First has been encouraging, and provides a catalyst for the long-needed increase in workforce participation for individuals with disabilities. At the same time, creation of documents, reports, and policies will not result in increases in workforce participation in and of
themselves, without a long-term commitment to actions that make the Employment First vision a reality. Setting a vision and direction is a starting point--but it must be done in conjunction with comprehensive systems change that results in shifting of resources towards integrated employment, a service system that provides consistent and high-quality employment assistance and supports, and measurement and accountability for achieving employment outcomes.

Employment First is also about more than just changing how services and supports for people with disabilities are provided. It is reflective of a fundamental cultural shift by policymakers, public officials, service systems, service providers, employers, and most importantly by individuals with disabilities themselves. This viewpoint recognizes people with disabilities as full participants in the economic mainstream, working side by side with their fellow citizens as part of overall efforts towards respecting and embracing the rights of people with disabilities to be full participants and members of society.

Background and History of this Document

The term “Employment First” appears to have been first used by Tennessee in 2002. However, the first Employment First type policy identified dates back to 1990 in Pennsylvania. With the emergence of Employment First as a more widespread concept, the original version of this resource list was developed in June 2010. At that time, 6 states were identified as having an Employment First policy. All 6 of the policies were focused exclusively on individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities, and all were policy directives (no legislation). At that time, Kansas had proposed legislation, which was signed into law in 2011. To see the growth of Employment First policies since this list was created in 2010 to the 38 policies that exist today, the majority of which are legislation and cross-disability, is a testament to the power of awareness, advocacy, and example.

As this list has evolved over the past 9 years, the intent has been to include actual policies and related information that can in part serve as examples for other states, and that also illustrate the evolution of Employment First in the state and nation as a whole. Over time, in an effort to keep the list relevant and to a manageable size, it has been necessary to use discretion regarding what items to list. As a result, resources that have become less relevant or outdated, or whose links are no longer active, have been deleted. (However, if you are looking for a document from a previous list that has been deleted, please email David Hoff at david.hoff@umb.edu.) We plan to continue to provide ongoing updates to this resource list as necessary, and welcome feedback regarding the resources listed, and information on new and updated policies and documents.

www.selnhub.org
General Information on Employment First

1. **APSE – Association of People Supporting Employment First**
   - Section of APSE website devoted to Employment First, with array of information and resources including the APSE Employment First Statement, outlining key principles.
   - **APSE Employment First Statement**, outlining principles of Employment First

2. **Employment First National Report**
   - Report prepared for Florida EmployME 1st documenting Employment First efforts across the U.S.

   - 2013 report from the National Governors Association, that notes Employment First as an effective strategy, and documents the adoption of it by a number of states.


5. **ODEP-USDOL EFLSMP**

6. **SABE – Green Mountain Self-Advocates Statement**
   - Self-advocate’s statement on the importance of Employment First.
State-Specific Information

For states with an Employment First policy, this is the first document listed. Also included are Employment First related reports from the state, developed by official state workgroups and grassroots initiatives. For states where Employment First activities have not been identified, state efforts emphasizing integrated employment have been noted. If the state has Employment First related websites, those are the final items listed.

Alabama
- AL Employment First Legislation (proposed): The Alabama Employment First Initiative Act, originally introduced in April 2013.
- AL Website: Alabama Employment First website.

Alaska
- AK Employment First Legislation (passed): HB 211, enacted in May 2014; legislation is cross-disability, and specifies that Employment First applies to individuals receiving transition services as well as adults.
- AK Legislative Packet: The Employment First Bill - Supporting Research Packet Overview developed for legislators as part of effort to pass Employment First legislation.

Arizona
- AZ UCEDD Employment First Web Page: Information on Arizona coalition working to advance Employment First with links to various resources:

Arkansas
- AR Employment First Executive Order: October 2010 Governor’s Executive Order (10-17) establishing the cross-disability Arkansas Employment First Initiative.
- AR Employment First Website

California
- CA Employment First Legislation (passed): California’s Employment First Policy Legislation, AB 1041, enacted in October 2013, establishing an Employment First policy for individuals served by the state’s developmental disability system.
• **CA Legislation (passed):** AB 287, California legislation, enacted in October 2009, establishing Employment First Committee, and calling for the establishment of an Employment First Policy.

• **CA CIE – Blueprint for Change:** Department of Rehabilitation, Department of Education, Department of Developmental Services jointly issued 2016 document on competitive integrated employment, “Real Work for Real Pay in the Real World” highlighting Employment First Efforts:

• **CA Committee on Employment First Web Page**

**Colorado**

• **CO Employment First Legislation (passed):** Colorado cross-disability Employment First bill (SB 16-077), enacted in June 2016.

• **CO Employment First Implementation Legislation 2018 (passed):** Bill passed in May 2018 to implement recommendations of Colorado Employment First Advisory Partnership including staff training/credentialing, data collection, and supporting Discovery as a distinct service.

• **CO Policy on Integrated Employment:** Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing – Services for Individuals with Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities Rule 8.609.9 (former Division for Developmental Disabilities rule 16.626) stating that integrated employment is considered the primary service option for adult day habilitation services and supports for individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities; this was a long-standing policy prior to passage of legislation (policy is on page 63).

• **CO Employment First Advisory Partnership Website**

**Connecticut**

• **CT Employment First Policy:** Connecticut Department of Developmental Services Employment First Policy issued in April 2011.

• **CT Policy Regarding Employment as a Priority:** Companion to April 2011 Employment First policy regarding steps in individual planning process.

• **CT DDS Employment First Overview:** Overview and resources regarding Connecticut’s Employment First efforts.

**Delaware**

• **DE Employment First Legislation (passed):** House Bill 319, Delaware’s cross-disability legislation on Employment First, enacted in July 2012.

• **DE Employment First Statement:** Statement from Delaware Division of Developmental Disabilities Services on Employment First.

• **DE Employment First Oversight Commission Website**

**District of Columbia**

• **DC Employment First Policy:** District of Columbia Department of Disability Services Employment First Policy (cross-disability), issued in December 2014.

• **DC Mayoral Proclamation on Employment First:** October 2012 Mayoral Proclamation declaring the District of Columbia an Employment First State. See following item for link to proclamation.

• **DC DDS Employment First Summary**: Department of Disabilities website providing overview of District’s Employment First efforts.

**Florida**

• **FL Employment First Legislation (passed)**: The Individuals with Disabilities Act (CS/HB 7003), enacted in January 2016, establishing the Employment First Act (cross-disability), the Financial Literacy Program for Individuals with Developmental Disabilities and the Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program.

• **FL Employment First Executive Order**: October 2013 Governor’s Executive Order (13-284) directing state agencies to identify financing and contract methods that will prioritize employment.

• **FL Interagency Agreement**: Interagency agreement among 9 Florida agencies to implement Employment First.

• **Employment First Florida Website**

**Georgia**

• **GA Employment First Legislation (passed)**: Georgia’s Employment First Act, signed into law May 2018, establishing a cross-disability Employment First policy and Employment First Council to oversee implementation.

• **GA Legislature Report**: Georgia legislature 2015 report on employment of individuals with IDD recommending creation of an Employment First Advisory Council.

• **GA Legislation Establishing Study Committee**: 2015 legislation (HR 642) establishing House Committee to examine options for an Employment First Policy.

• **GA DD Council Statement**: Statement issued in 2010 by Georgia Developmental Disabilities Council calling for an Employment First policy.

• **GA DD Council Employment First Website**: Section of Development Disabilities Council website focused on Employment First.

• **GA Employment First Council Website**

• **Employment First Georgia Website**

**Hawaii**


• **HI Governor’s Proclamation**: October 2017 Governor’s Proclamation, endorsing Hawaii’s designation as an Employment First State. Does not specify a specific Employment First policy.

• **HI Developmental Disabilities Division Statement on Employment First**

**Idaho**

• **ID Employment First Summary**: Document summarizing Idaho’s Employment First efforts.

• **ID Employment First Fact Sheet (2014)**
Illinois

- **Advocacy Information for Illinois Employment First Act:** Information from the Family Support Network regarding advocating for the Illinois Employment First Act. [Link](http://us2.campaign-archive1.com/?u=bcec73d19574f43e0b9ab00c1&id=d3db098f9a)
- **IL Employment First Act Fact Sheet:** Arc alert web page which include link to fact sheet for legislators on Illinois Employment First Act.
- **IL Employment First Blueprint:** October 2014 report on steps for implementation of Illinois Employment First legislation.
- **IL Employment First Summit 2012 – Report**
- **IL Employment First Website:** Illinois Department of Human Services website with information on state’s Employment First efforts.

Indiana

- **IN Employment First Bill (passed):** Cross-disability Employment First Legislation, SB 390, passed in April 2017.
- **IN APSE Employment First Information:** Information from Indiana APSE on Employment First.
- **IN Employment First Fact Sheet:** 2016 fact sheet advocating for Employment First Policy from Indiana APSE.

Iowa

- **IA DHS Employment Vision:** Statement on Iowa Department of Human Services website in support of Employment First, with links to resources.
- **IA Olmstead Consumer Taskforce Materials:** Employment First Fact Sheets for Individuals and Families, and Policymakers.
- **IA Department of Human Rights White Paper:** “Employment 1st for Whom?”
- **IA CDD Materials on Employment First:** University of Iowa Center for Disabilities and Development web page dedicated to Employment First, with a variety of resource materials.

Kansas

- **KS Employment First Legislation (passed):** Kansas House Bill 2336, enacted in May 2011, that establishes a statewide policy of Employment First for all people with disabilities.
- **KS Department of Education Employment First Policy:** Kansas Department of Education Employment First policy specific to transition.
- **KS Employment First Oversight Commission:** Website of the Kansas Employment First Oversight Commission established by the state’s Employment First legislation.

Kentucky

- **KY Employment First Executive Order:** May 2018 Governor’s Executive Order, establishing a cross-disability Employment First policy, and creation of an Employment First Council to guide implementation.
• **KY Work Matters Taskforce Report**: May 2018 report from state taskforce focused on improving employment for five key populations, including people with disabilities. Includes recommendation for Employment First policy.

• **KY Employment First Legislation (proposed)**: Employment First bill, HB 292, introduced in February 2013:

**Louisiana**

• **LA Employment First Policy**: Office of Citizens with Developmental Disabilities website on Employment First, with link to July 2011 Employment First policy:
  - [LA Governor’s Office 2018 Employment First Report](#)
  - [LA Department of Health Employment First website](#)

**Maine**

• **ME Employment First Legislation (passed)**: Maine Employment First Bill (S.P. 471, LD 1352 – Employment First), cross-disability legislation enacted June 2013:

• **ME Employment Policy**: November 2010 Maine Department of Health and Human Services Employment Policy, cross-disability policy indicating that all individuals are presumed able and have the opportunity to work:
  - [ME Employment First Coalition Website](#)

**Maryland**

• **MD Employment First Policy**: Maryland Department of Disabilities information on Employment First in Maryland that includes 2008 Developmental Disabilities Administration policy on Employment First.
  - [MD Developmental Disabilities Administration Employment First Newsletters](#)
  - [MD Development Disabilities Administration Employment First information](#)

**Massachusetts**

• **MA Employment First Policy**: Massachusetts Department of Developmental Services Employment First Policy (#2010-2), adopted in August 2010.

• **MA Employment Blueprint**: November 2013 Massachusetts state plan for increasing employment by the state developmental disability system and full implementation of the state’s Employment First policy.

• **MA Employment Blueprint Update**: October 2014 update on Massachusetts Employment Blueprint, and plans to end sheltered work:

• **MA APSE Mental Health Employment First Statement**: January 2017 statement issued by Massachusetts APSE calling for the state Department of Mental Health to implement an Employment First policy:

• **MA Employment First Website**

**Michigan**

• **MI Employment First Executive Order**: November 2015 cross-disability Governor’s Executive Order (2015-15).
• **MI Report on Employment First Systems Transformation**: Report to Michigan on Recommendations for Systems Transformation Related to Employment First, supported by the ODEP Employment First State Leadership Mentoring Project.


• **MI DD Council Statement**: August 2013 Employment First Mission and Principles adopted by the MI Developmental Disabilities Council (look under *Important Information*); also contains links to additional information on Employment First efforts in Michigan.

• **Employment Works! Policy**: June 2011 Bureau of Community Mental Health Services policy indicating that all individuals with serious mental illness and developmental disabilities will be provided the opportunity to pursue integrated, competitive employment; intended to form the basis for a future Employment First policy (pp. 361–363, Attachment C6.8.7.1).

**Minnesota**

• **MN Employment First Policy**: MN Department of Human Services Employment First policy (cross-disability), adopted in September 2014.

• **Putting the Promise of Olmstead into Practice - Minnesota’s 2013 Olmstead Plan**: Adoption of the Minnesota Employment First Policy was a result of the state’s draft Olmstead plan issued in 2013.

• **Myths and Realities of Olmstead Employment First**: Publication from the Minnesota State Council on Disability that discusses a number of myths regarding Employment First.

• **MN Employment First Summit Reports**: Reports from MN Employment First Summits I, II, III, IV, held from 2007–2011.

• **MN Department of Human Services Information on Employment First**

**Mississippi**

• **MS Legislation (passed)**: HB 836, enacted in July 2015, implementing an Employment First policy for working age citizens of Mississippi with disabilities.

• **MS Executive Order**: January 2014 Governor’s Executive Order (1335) directing Mississippi state agencies to ensure employment in integrated settings as the first priority option to the extent feasible.

**Missouri**

• **MO DDD Employment First Policy**: January 2011 Employment First Policy, issued by the Missouri Department of Mental Health, Division of Developmental Disabilities.

• **MO Legislation (proposed)**: Missouri Employment First Act, HB 115, proposed in 2021.

• **MO DDD Employment Website**

**Montana**

• **MT Employment First Initiative Statement**: Montana Developmental Disabilities Program statement on Employment First.
Nevada

- **NV Executive Order**: July 2014 Governor’s Executive Order (2014-16) establishing a taskforce on integrated employment.
- **Employment First Legislative Presentation**: May 2014 presentation on Employment First to NV Legislature Committee on Senior Citizens, Veterans and Adults with Special Needs.

New Hampshire

- **NH Policy**: New Hampshire does not have an Employment First policy. However, the NH Bureau of Developmental Services has a position statement that emphasizes and prioritize integrated employment.

New Jersey

- **NJ DHS Employment First Policy**: NJ Department of Human Services cross-disability statement.
- **NJ Governor’s Declaration**: Governor’s April 2012 press release announcing that New Jersey is an Employment First state.
- **NJ DDD Employment First Information**: NJ Department of Developmental Disabilities information on Employment First.

New Mexico

- **NM Employment First Policy**: New Mexico Developmental Disabilities Supports Division Employment First Policy adopted in November, 2016

New York

- **NY Executive Order**: October 2014 Governor’s Executive Order (No. 136) establishing Employment First Commission, to create an Employment First policy.

North Carolina

- **NC Employment First Executive Order**: March 2019 Executive Order, establishing North Carolina as an Employment First State (cross-disability).
- **NC APSE Employment First Information**: Employment First resources and papers from North Carolina APSE.
- **NC Employment First Website**: Information from the North Carolina Employment First Steering Committee, including position papers.

North Dakota

- **ND Legislation (passed)**: Legislation enacted in April 2013, establishing a committee for furthering the goal of employment as the first option for people with disabilities:

www.selnhub.org
- **ND Summit Report**: October 2011 report from the North Dakota Employment First Summit.

**Ohio**
- **OH Employment First Legislation**: Sec. 5123.022 of FY 2014 Budget Bill (H.B. 59), enacted in July 2013, that includes language making Ohio’s Employment First policy for individuals with developmental disabilities state law; see p. 140 of [bill analysis](#) for summary of Employment First provisions.
- **OH Employment First Form**: Form required for completion if an individual does not choose community employment.
- **OH Employment First Website**

**Oklahoma**
- **OK Legislation**: Oklahoma Employment First Bill (cross-disability), enacted in 2015.
- **OK DDS Employment Policy**: Oklahoma Developmental Disabilities Services July 2005 employment policy, stating that the optimal goal of waiver services is full-time employment in the community.

**Oregon**
- **OR Legislation**: Senate Bill 22, Employment First legislation (IDD only), effective April 2013:
- **OR DDS Policy**: Oregon Office of Developmental Disability Services October 2008 policy on employment for working-age individuals.
- **OR Executive Orders**: Oregon Governor’s Executive Orders on increasing employment of individuals with IDD:
  - April 2013 order (13-04)
  - Feb. 2015 order (15-01)
- **OR DHS Website**: Section of Oregon Department of Human Services website dedicated to Employment First
- **OR Employment First Initiative Website**

**Pennsylvania**
- **PA Employment First Legislation**: House Bill 1641, signed into law in June 2018, codifying the state’s Employment First policy (cross-disability), and establishing the Governor’s Cabinet for People with Disabilities, and Employment First Oversight Commission:
- **PA Employment First Executive Order**: March 2016 Governor’s Executive Order (2016-03) establishing a cross-disability Employment First policy:
- **PA Employment First Policy Recommendations (September 2016)**
- **PA Employment Policy – General**: December 2005 policy document from Pennsylvania Office of Developmental Programs on community employment as a priority.
- **PA Employment Policy – ICFs/MR**: April 2006 policy document from Pennsylvania Office of Developmental Programs on supporting community employment for individuals living in intermediate care facilities.
Rhode Island

- **RI BHDDH Employment First Policy**: February 2013 Employment First policy for individuals with developmental disabilities issued by the Rhode Island Department of Behavioral Healthcare, Developmental Disabilities and Hospitals.
- **USDOJ Consent Decree Mandating Employment First**: 2014 consent decree with US Department of Justice, mandating an Employment First Policy for the Rhode Island Department of Education.
- **RI 1115 Waiver Group Report**: September 2009 paper which contains initial proposal for Rhode Island to be an Employment First state.

South Carolina

- **SC Legislation (proposed)**: Proposed 2021 legislation, encouraging state agencies to adopt an Employment First Policy and establishing an Employment First Oversight Commission.
- **SC DDSN Employment First Policy**: South Carolina Department of Disabilities and Special Needs Employment First Policy (700-07-DD), specific to IDD, issued in October 2015.
- **SC Employment First Study Committee Legislation**: Legislation signed into law in May 2018, establishing an Employment First Study Committee to determine the need for Employment First Legislation in South Carolina.

South Dakota

- **SD Governor’s Statement**: July 2013 statement from Governor of South Dakota, declaring goal of making South Dakota an Employment First state.

Tennessee

- **TN Employment First Executive Order**: June 2013 Governor’s Executive Order (No. 28) establishing the Tennessee Employment First Initiative (cross-disability):
- **TN Employment First Overview**: 2007 publication from the Institute for Community Inclusion providing an overview of Tennessee’s Employment First policy:
- **TN Employment First Taskforce Website**: Includes copies of annual reports.
- **TN Employment First Website**

Texas

- **TX Legislation (passed)**: June 2013 Texas Senate Bill 1226 (cross-disability):
- **TX Employment First Taskforce Reports**: September 2014, and Fall 2016 Employment First Taskforce reports to the legislature.
- **TX DD Council Statement on Employment First**: August 2016 Texas Council on Developmental Disabilities statement calling for actions that align with state’s Employment First policy:
- **TX Health and Human Services Employment First Website**

Utah
• **UT 2011 Legislation (passed):** HB 240, enacted in March 2011, requiring that employment be the first priority for individuals with disabilities receiving services from the Department of Workforce Services, the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation, and the Division of Services for People with Disabilities:

• **UT 2012 Legislation (passed):** HB 240, enacted in March 2012, as a companion to 2011 legislation adding the Division of Substance Abuse and Mental Health.

• **UT Employment First Strategic Plan:** 2014 strategic plan.

• **UT Department of Human Services Employment First Website**

**Vermont**

Vermont does not have an Employment First policy. However, Vermont’s Developmental Disability Services in the state Department of Disability and Aging Services has a number of policies in support of an Employment First paradigm, with “a philosophy that presumes employability for all given the right supports are provided to the individual”:

• **VT Employment Philosophy:** A public stated philosophy that presumes employability for all:

• **VT Funding Policy:** For those receiving employment supports, use of funds for sheltered workshops or enclaves is not allowed (see p. 63 of System of Care Plan).

**Virginia**

• **VA DBHDS Employment First Policy:** December 2012 Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services policy on Employment First (cross-disability: specifically applies to individuals with developmental disabilities, mental health, substance abuse):

• **VA Legislation (passed):** Joint Virginia and Senate House Resolution, passed in 2012, encouraging the Secretary of Health and Human Resources and the Superintendent of Public Instruction to adopt and implement Employment First practices:

• **USDOJ Settlement Agreement Mandating Employment First Policy:** US Department of Justice 2012 settlement with the state of Virginia mandating implementation of an Employment First policy:

• **VA DBHDS Strategic Plan for Employment First:** October 2012 Employment First strategic plan issued by Virginia Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services:

• **VCU Information on Employment First:** Information on Employment First in Virginia from the Virginia Commonwealth University Center on Transition, featuring a series of videos:

**Washington State**

• **WA State Employment First Legislation:** Legislation enacted in 2012 establishing parameters around employment as first priority for individuals with developmental disabilities, with option of alternative community access program:

• **WA State Employment First Policy:** Washington Division of Developmental Disabilities Working Age Adult Policy; initially adopted in 2004, most recently updated 2012:

• **Publication on Washington Policy:** 2007 publication from Institute for Community Inclusion providing an overview of Washington’s Working-Age Adult Policy:

**West Virginia**
• **WV Legislation (passed):** HB 2290, enacted in April 2021, establishing a task force to implement a cross-disability Employment First Policy.

• **WV Disability Consensus Agenda:** 2014 agenda endorsed by a cross-section of West Virginia advocacy organizations; includes Employment First as a goal.

• **WV Olmstead Council Legislative Priorities:** West Virginia Olmstead Legislative Priorities for 2015 include Employment First:

**Wisconsin**

• **WI Legislation (passed):** Legislation (2017 Wisconsin Act 1978) enacted in March 2018, establishing a cross-disability Employment First Policy for Wisconsin and specific requirements for state agencies in terms of implementation.

• **Sign-On Agreement for WI Employment First Coalition:** Survival Coalition of Wisconsin Disability Organizations agreement for signing on in support of Employment First.

• **WI Employment First Website**

**Wyoming**

• **WY Legislation (passed):** Enrolled Act No. 54, Employment First Legislation, (cross-disability) enacted July 2014.

• **WY Employment First Website:** State of Wyoming Employment First initiative website.
The State Employment Leadership Network (SELN) is a cross-state cooperative venture of state MR/DD agencies that are committed to improving employment outcomes for adolescents and adults with developmental disabilities. Working documents contain information collected in response to state requests, and federal, state and local initiatives of interest to the SELN membership. They are intended to share work in progress but may not be a comprehensive analysis or compilation. Working documents are updated over time as information changes.

The SELN is a joint program of the Institute for Community Inclusion at UMass Boston and the National Association of State Directors of Developmental Disabilities Services.

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